The principal aim of religious education is to explore what people believe and what difference this makes to how they live, so that pupils can gain knowledge, understanding and skills needed to handle questions raised by religion and belief, reflecting on their own ideas and ways of living.

Subject: Religious Education	Year group: Year 1	Topic:	Unit Key Question: 1.9 How should we care for the
Prior knowledge required: Talk about the lives of the people around them and their roles in society. Know some similarities and differences between different religious and cultural communities in this country, drawing on their experiences and what has been read in class.		charity,	world and for others, and why does it matter? (C, J, NR)

Programme of Study

What do pupils gain from RE at this key stage?

Pupils should develop their knowledge and understanding of religions and worldviews, recognising their local, national and global contexts. They should use basic subject-specific vocabulary. They should raise questions and begin to express their own views in response to the material they learn about and in response to questions about their ideas.

RE teaching and learning should enable pupils to ...

A. make sense of a range of religious and nonreligious beliefs

B. understand the impact and significance of religious and nonreligious beliefs

C. make connections between religious and non-religious beliefs, concepts, practices and ideas studied

End of key stage outcomes

RE should enable pupils to:

- identify the core beliefs and concepts studied and give a simple description of what they mean
- give examples of how stories show what people believe (e.g. the meaning behind a festival)
- give clear, simple accounts of what stories and other texts mean to believers
- give examples of how people use stories, texts and teachings to guide their beliefs and actions
- give examples of ways in which believers put their beliefs into action
- think, talk and ask questions about whether the ideas they have been studying have something to say to them
- give a good reason for the views they have and the connections they make

These general outcomes are related to specific content within the unit outlines on pp.43-52.

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Implementation:	Impact - Lesson Sequence:	Evaluations and assessments:
Teachers will enable pupils to achieve these outcomes, as appropriate to their age and stage, so that they can:	Throughout this unit, make connections with pupils' prior learning from earlier in the year: what have they learnt about God and creation already, and how does this affect how people behave?	I am learning to
Make sense of belief: • Identify a story or text that says something about each person being unique and valuable • Give an example of a key belief some people find in one of these stories (e.g. that God loves all people) • Give a clear, simple account of what Genesis 1 tells Christians and Jews about the natural world		
Understand the impact: • Give an example of how people show that they care for others (e.g. by giving to charity), making a link to one of the stories • Give examples of how Christians and Jews can show care for the natural earth		

Say why Christians and Jews might look after the natural world

Make connections:

Think, talk and ask questions about what difference believing in God makes to how people treat each other and the natural world

Give good reasons why everyone (religious and non-religious) should care for others and look after the natural world.

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